Serial No.: 10/800,226 Atty. Docket No.: D5292

IN THE SPECIFICATION:

Amend the Section Heading ahead of paragraph [0001] as follows:

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Amend the Section Heading ahead of paragraph [0005] to: SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Amend the Section Heading between paragraphs [0006] and [0007] to:

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Amend the Section Heading between paragraphs [0013] and [0014] to:
DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

Amend indicated paragraphs as follows:

[0014] Referring now to the figures and in particular to Fig. 1, a school bus 10, which incorporates a fuel system in accordance with the present invention, is illustrated. Along one side of the bus body 12 of school bus 10, here driver's side 12, a fuel inlet cover 14 is visible. Although fuel inlet cover 14 is illustrated as installed on the driver's side 12 of the vehicle, it is often located on the vehicle's opposite side. Fuel inlet cover 12 may be moved to allow access to a filler neck inlet behind the cover, by which fuel is added to a between the rails (BTR) fuel tank located under the bus body and between the front 86 and rear wheels 90.

[0015] The location of a fuel tank system 20 is best illustrated with reference to Fig. 2 which shows fuel tank system 20 as positioned on a vehicle chassis 80. Vehicle chassis 80 is based on two longitudinally aligned, mutually parallel frame rails 81, 82. Frame rails 81, 82 are held in parallel, and chassis 80 stiffened, by a plurality of cross

Serial No.: 10/800,226 Atty, Docket No.: D5292

members 83 which are located at mutually spaced locations running from the front to the back of the vehicle. Fuel tank system 20 comprises a fuel tank 26 24 held in a cradle 22 which is suspended from the outside faces of frame rails 81, 82. Fuel tank 24 is located about midway between the front and the back of chassis 80 and between frame rails 81 and 82. Fuel is added to fuel tank 24 through a filler neck 26 which is disposed between the top of the fuel tank running to the side of the chassis 80 over right hand side frame rail 82.

[0016] Referring now to Figs. 3A and 3B, the manner of supporting fuel tank 24 using cradle 22 and the routing of filler neck 24 26 from a side of the vehicle body to the fuel tank is more completely illustrated. In Fig. 3B all features other than filler neck 26 and a protective shield 46 are shown in phantom to allow complete illustration of the filler neck. Cradle 22 comprises a plurality of slats 30 which run from side to side of the chassis 80, under frame rails 81, 82 and which support fuel tank 24 from underneath the fuel tank between the frame rails and which position the fuel tank at least partly at the level of the frame rails. The details of construction of cradle 22 are not important to understanding the invention and are in any event conventional. At least a pair of braces 34 depend from each of the outside faces of frame rails 81, 82, extending below the frame rails and carrying longitudinal supports 32 which are parallel to and below their respective frame rails. Slats 30 are connected between longitudinal supports 32. The bottom surface of fuel tank 24 may be indented to conform to the shape of slats 30. At least a pair of steal bands 36 are mounted around fuel tank 24, connecting at opposite ends to one of slats 30 using an appropriate, adjustable connector 38.

[0018] Referring to Fig. 4, the changes in slope of filler neck 26 moving from inlet section 50 adjacent the outside wall of the bus toward tank 24 are better illustrated. Filler neck 26 comprises three sections of distinct shapes and sizes. The sections are an inlet section 50 closest to the side wall of the bus, which is downwardly sloped, a

Serial No.: 10/800,226 Atty. Docket No.: D5292

mid-section 51 which lies essentially horizontally and which passes over frame rail 82 but under floor 28, and an outlet section 52 which connects to fuel tank 26 24 through an outlet 53. Referring briefly to Fig. 6 it may be seen the mid-section 51 fits between the bottom of floor 28, the top of frame rail 82 and between a pair of cross supports 60, on which floor 28 rest and which are supported from the frame rails. Mid-section 51, unlike inlet section 50 and outlet section 52 which have circular cross sectional shapes, has an oblong cross-sectional shape, being flattened from top to bottom.